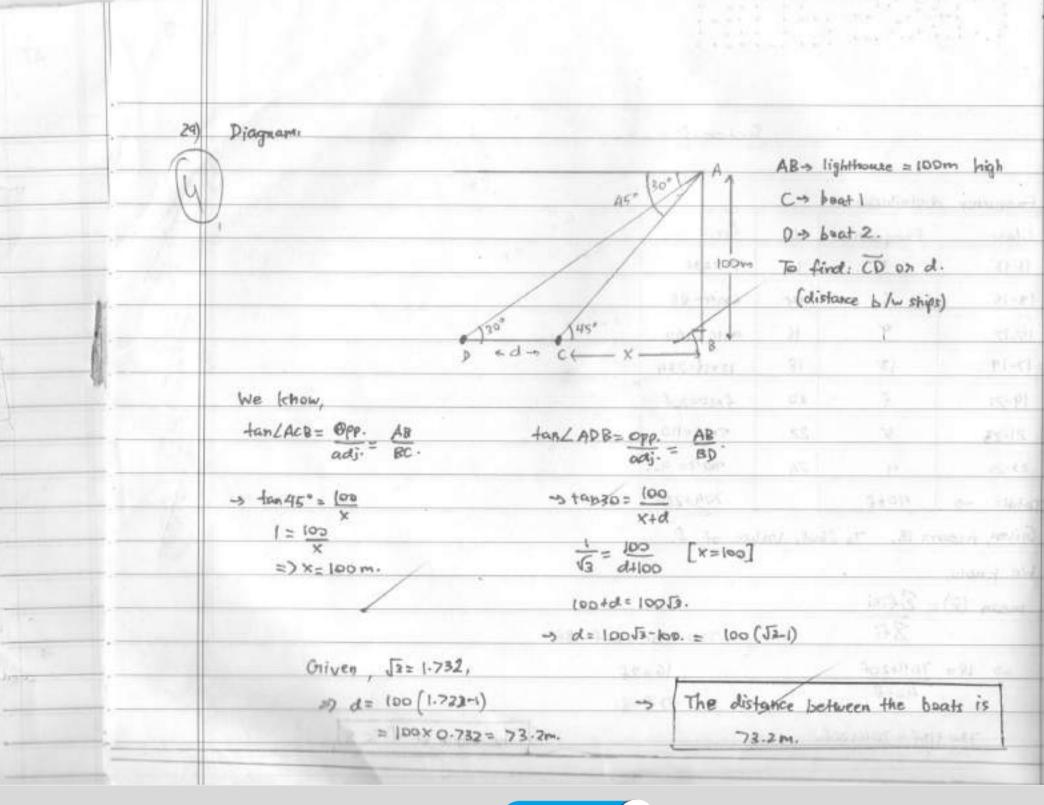
			. : . :	::::				
		1	9	Section - D			1262 11/2/1	
	fail e	Garl Printing States All 28A						13
, 30) ¹			43.					13
choice I)	Class	Frequency	¥i	fixi				38
Thomas 1	11-13	C 40 310 300	12	3×12=34				25
14	13-15	Caroli south	14	6x14=84				/18
4	15-17	9	16	9x16=144	- 107 y			13 154 13 234
	17-19	13	18	(3×(8×234			G145) 867	23.4
	19-21	t	20	tx20=20f			Section 65	16
	21-23	5"	22	2x22=11D	audi de Sael	11 11 12 1-01	T-GAST	120
	23-25	4	24	424= 96.			col - spect c	+ 1300
	Total: -	40+6		704+207	eaself &		S 50 = 1	100
	Given, mean = 18. To find; value of f.					700		
	We know.							
	$\lim_{x \to \infty} (\bar{x}) = \sum_{i} f_{i}(x)$						21	1
	2fi 720-704=20t-18t							
	10 704420f							
	4012 47 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
1	7	20+184 = 704+20	of.	14-65	1962	the value or		

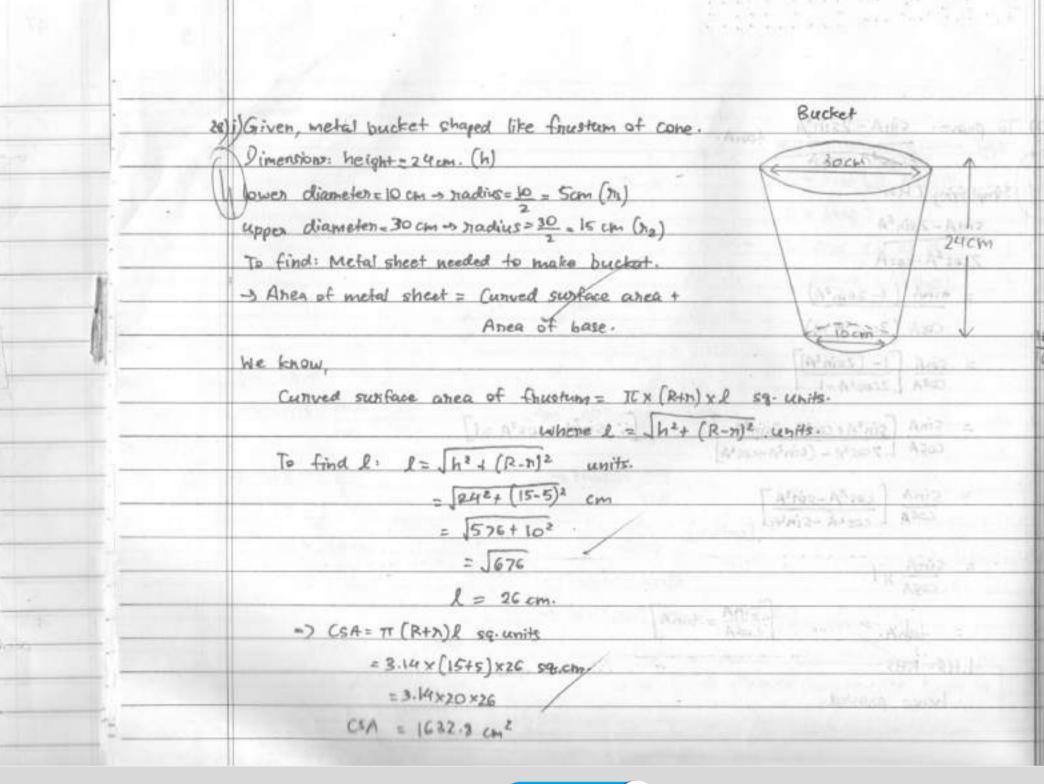






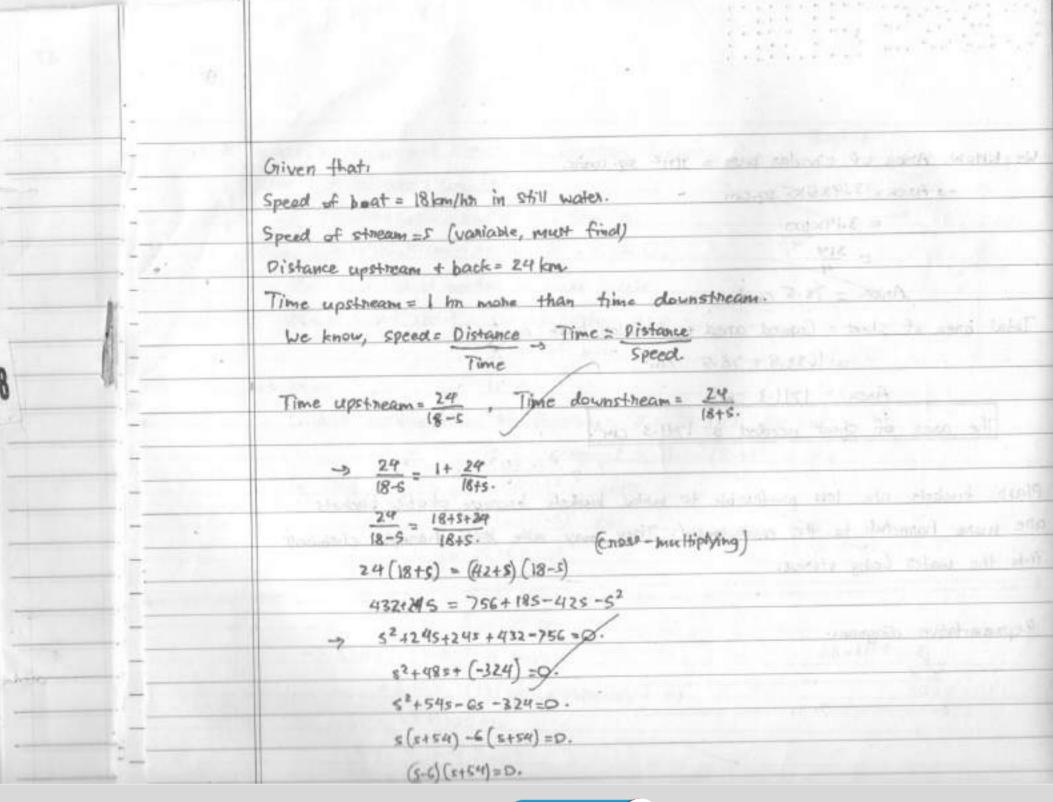
To prove: sinA - 2sinA +anA.	to mornish at Vayers today there and the
2coc*A-cosA	Princettioner Visitation of Page 111
Simplifying LHS:	Tell agos and inclination and discolaration issue
sin A - 2 sin A	Ought Strading was Standards and
2ces A-cesA	to Sight Steled sheet needed to peak black at
= sinA (1-2=in2A)	a Robert Land World - Consult available on
	TANK OF STREET
= sinA [1- (zsineA)]	Contract confine over all Australian August Contracts
	5: sin2A + cos2A = 17
COSA LZCOSA- (sinZA+cosA)	allow the standard as all make at
= SinA [cos 2 A -sin 2 A	NO 1/2-21 147 AV
COSA L COSEA-SINEAL	for 1203 a .
- ciu A .	1000
= SinA X1	A 20 CA
SINA Lond	
= fanA. SinA = fanA	Winning L(RHR) TT - RUD CH













Now, either 5-6=0 on 5+54=0. ->5=6 ->5=-54.

So speed = 6 on -54 km/hn.

But speed cannot be negative. => speed of the stream is 6 km/hm.

Oriven ABC is equilateral.

-> AB=BC=CA, LA= LB=CC= 60"

Dis a point oh BC such that &D=1 BE.

To prove: 9(AD)2 = 7(AB)2.

Construction: Draw AE LBC.

Proof: Let BD = X.

=> BC = 3x = AB = AC [: ABC is equilateral] [Given BD = {BC].

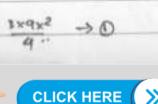
Also, we know that BE = 1 BC [Attitude in equilateral \(\Delta \) bisects base]. As ZAEB = 90°,

In Friangle DABE, by Pythagonas Theonem,

BE 2 + AE 2 - AB2 - 9 AB2 - 9 X2. -> @.

(3x)2+ AE2 = (3x)2.

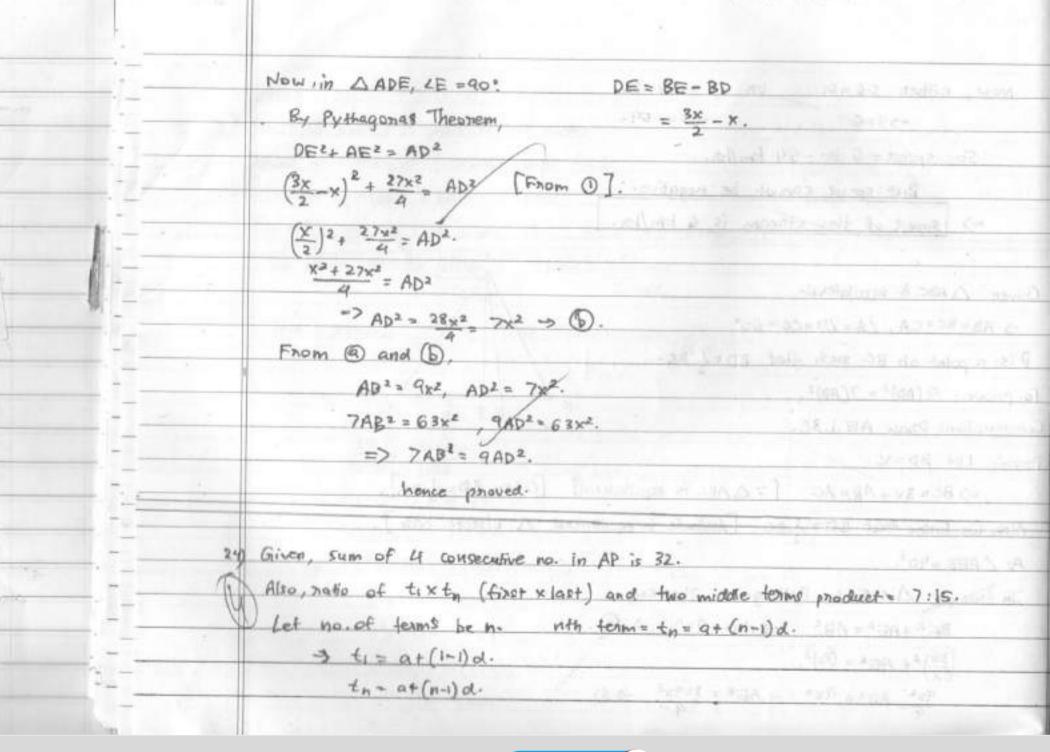
 $q_{X_{x}}$ $AE_{x} = d_{X_{x}} \rightarrow AE_{x} = 1 \times d_{X_{y}} \rightarrow 0$





*CA - 370 1370

Dung (B) and



As there are two middle terms, n is	exth. as evide allower than probabilities
=) middle term 1 = a+ (n+2-1)d.	Let this be O.
middle term $2 = \alpha + (\frac{n}{2} - 1) d$	
Kiven ti-th 7	
Siven = 1. ±n 7 7	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE
10,6.1.17	

$$(a+\frac{1}{2}a)(a+(n-1)d) = \frac{7}{15}$$

$$\frac{a^{2}+a(n-1)d}{a^{2}+\frac{n}{2}d\cdot\left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right)d+a\left(\frac{n}{2}d+\left(\frac{n}{2}-1\right)d\right)} = \frac{7}{15}.$$

Enose - multiplying,

$$|5a^{2}+15a(n-1)d=7a^{2}+\frac{7n^{2}-7n}{4}d^{2}+7a(n-1)d.$$

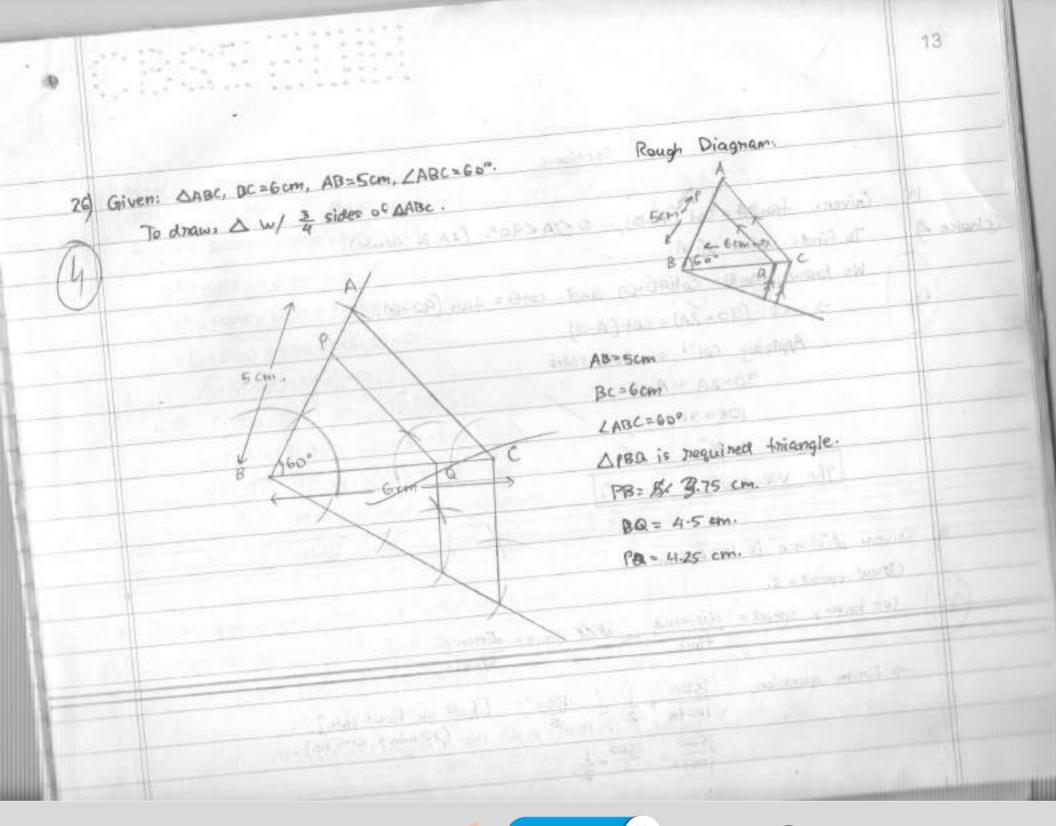
$$8a^{2}+8a(n-1)d=\frac{7n^{2}-7n^{2}}{4}d^{2}$$

Accoming we take only 4 terms, there is will be 4.

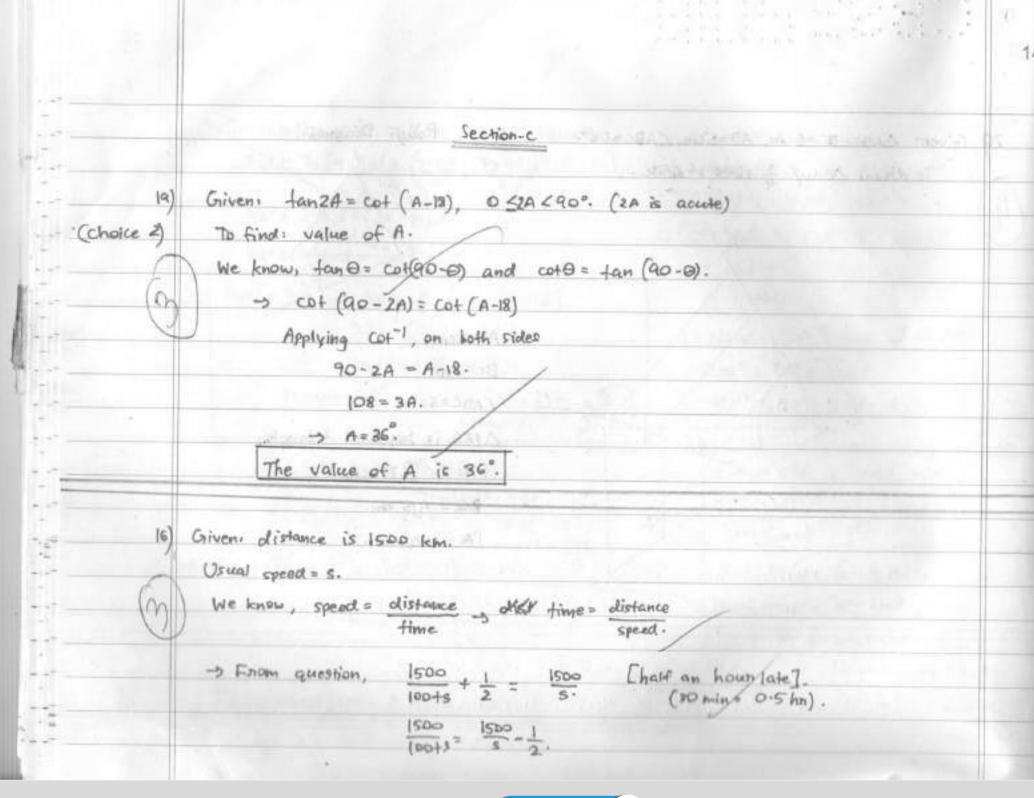
wasterness of the first and a real .

SZ SZ DALEN

Substituting or in above equation, when n=4, 8a2+ 8a(4-1) d = (7.42, 7x4) d. termor a+d, a, a+2d, a+3d. 7 a(a+3d) = (a+d)(a+2d) x15 8a2+ 24ad=(28-14)d. > (G2+3ad = (G2+ad+2d2+2ad) 15 202 1 2 4ad = 14d2 -20. 1. 213=0 Sum = 32. -> Sn= 1 [Za+ (n-1)d]. d-D. 32=4 [2a+3d]. 7a2 +21ad = 15a2 +45ad +46dy. 30d2 2a+3d = 16. -> (2). -30d2 = 8a2 + 24ad Squaring @, 40 + 902 = 256 ... (2.1) -15d' = 4a' + 12ad - +0). Sassifuting 3 in (2.) terms aid, a, and, ousd. -15d2+ 9d2 = 256 Sabstituting 3 in 30, 702+902=256. 15024 4840 x 12+ 3nd+2d2] 16de=256-5 d=16, d=4. 159 to 4500 = 79+ 2 ladt 1402 Now, 2013(4) =16. 802 +1402+2400=0. a=2. -> Terms=2, a, 10, 14. 14d2 = gaz; 24ad. a and and arid. 7d= \$01+ 128d -53 The numbers are 2,6,10 and 14.











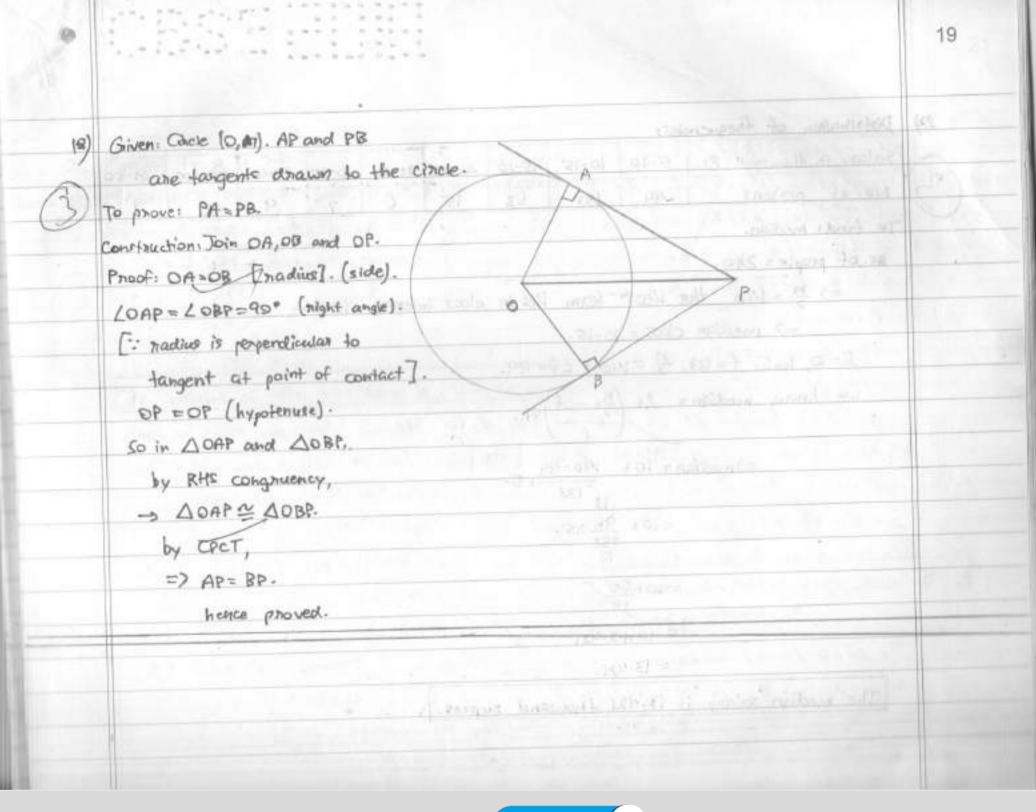
Dividing,	24.0035 (412)
	1-7x2-2x+1
2x4-2x3	15_10015 mar-014 is 12-1
-2x3+5x2	LOW GLOWEL WILLIAM
$-2x^3+7x^2$	2 - Count - 1002 - 1000 1.72
-2 x2+3x -2x2+2x	0 - (0 20 0) 000 - (000 0 0 0
X-1 X-1	On Je panel (edit vi)
0	Calculation of the Comment of the
=) By division algorithm, $\rho(x) = (x-1)(2x^3 - 7x^2)$	-2×+1). 9(x).
Now, in a cubic polynomial,	, we know:
sum of moots = + coet	€.of×2
COef	Frof X2.
The reads of g (x) are 2	2+ 52, 2-12 and 0.
	= - (-7) Company Trace of the company of
X+4= 2	/2
	which is hence a zero of p(n)
=> All zerow one -1, 1, 2+5	
	/ / 6



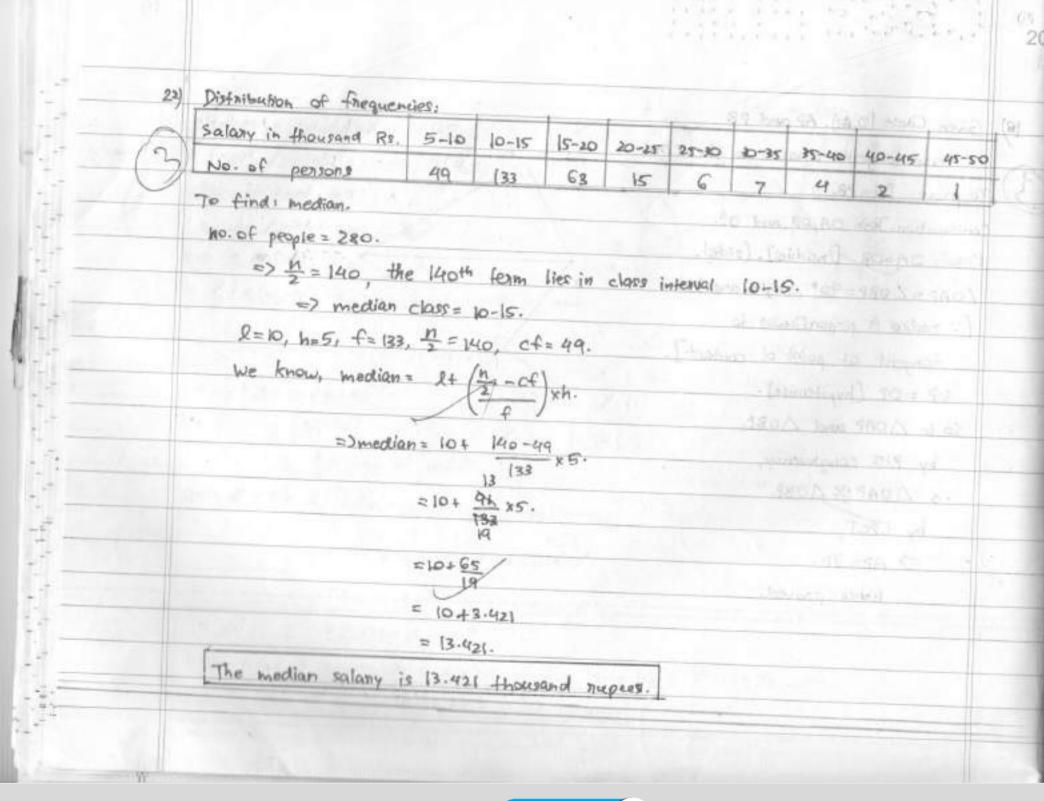


(not to scale) 15) Vertices of quadrilateral ABCD: B (-4, -5) (choice 2) A (-5.7), BC-4,5), C (-1,-6), D(4,5) Anea of quad ABCD. = asea ABD+ asea ABCD. area A ABD -> = \frac{1}{2} \left[\text{X}_1 \left(\text{Y}_2 - \text{Y}_3 \right) + \text{X}_2 \left(\text{Y}_3 - \text{Y}_1 \right) + \text{X}_3 \left(\text{Y}_1 - \text{Y}_2 \right) \right] \text{SQ. cenits.} = 1 [-5(-5-5) + (-4) (5-7) + 4(7+5)] Cyty Con a pure their world no a soll = 1 14 50+8+48 = 1 58+487. = 1 x 106 = 53 units2. anea A BCD = 1 [x, (y2-43)+x2 (y3-4)+x3 (y1-y2)]. = = [-4(-6-5)+(-1)(5+5)+(4)(+4+1)] = 1 [44-10+4] the state of the state of the state of = 1 x38 = 19 units. => Area of quadrilateral = Area of two triangles = 53+19 = 72 units. Area of quadrilateral ABCD is 72 squite











Conical heap of nice:

(choice 2)

Dimensions: diameter = 24m, height 3.5 m. -> nadius = 12m.

Volume of cone = 1 x min 2 h cue units.

= 1 x 2x x 12x 12x 3x cu.m.

= 132×4

528 cu-m.

The volume of the rice heap is 528 cu.m.

Anea of cloth nequired = Curved surface area.

CSA of cone = The squarite where l= Jh2+n2 units.

Finding 1: l= Shatna write

= 3.52+121 m"

= 12.35+ 144

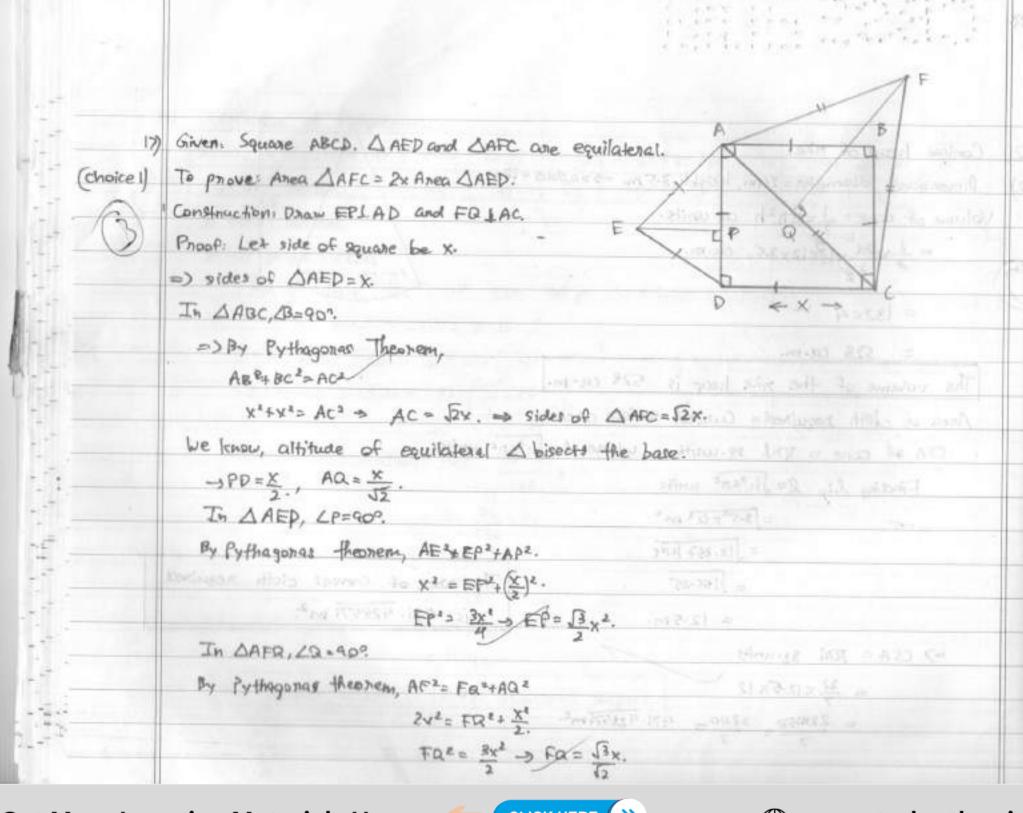
= 1166-25

The axea of canvas cloth required = 12.5m. is 471. 428571 m2.

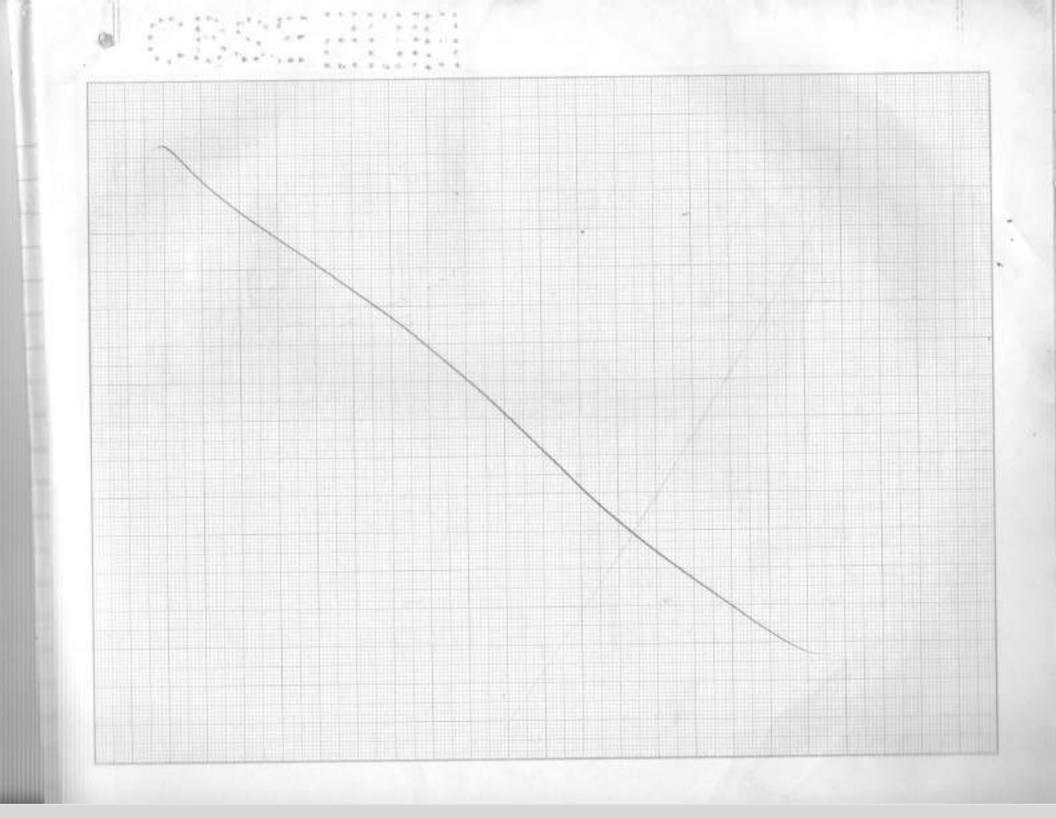
=> CSA = ADA 92. units

= 22 x 12.5 x 12

= 22×150 3200 471-428571m2.









We know, Area of triangle = 1 x Basex height squants. => Area of AFC = 1 x J2xx FQ = 1 . 12x . 13 x

Aneq of AAED= Lxxx EP.

2-Amea of DAEDE Sixe = Amea of DAFC.

hence proved.

20) Griven, side of Square ABCD = 12 cm.

To find: shaded area.

Shaded ones of Anes of 4 quadrants = Anes of square.

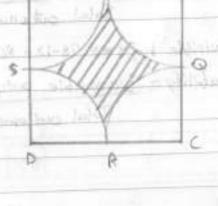
Area of square = se squarits

= 122 = My cm2!

Anea of quadrant = 1 x TD2 sq. units

= 1 × 3.14× 12 × 12 3

= 9×3.4 = 70/26 28.26 cm2.



= 13 x2 say we use to malored habities add to your

	=> shaded area = Area of square - 4x (Area of quadrant) squaits
(c	= 144 - 4(28.29) eq.cm
	= 144-113.04
- 3,	= 30.96 cm².
	The area of the shaded region is 30.96 cm ² .
	1 47
	Section-B
(12)	Integers, I to 100. (between)
- (2)	=) total= 98 possible outcomes.
0	i) divisible by 8 -> 12 numbers. (8,16,24, 32, 40, 42,56, 64,72, 80, 88,96).
	=) Probability = favorable outcome 12 6 Potal outcome 98 49.
	ii) not divisible by 8=> 98-12=86 numbers-
	-) 0. 1 1.01 +
	Total outcome = 86 43
	2000000 2 TEN X - TABUS 005 30 0
	The second of th
	2002 1120 002



=> Sheded anea = Anea =	f soughe - 4 (Anea of	quadrant) Squait	sovie) (s
E lade.	4 (28.20) sq.cm	2017/2 3002 2007	10 11 10

11) Two dice topsed together.

) => Total putcome = 36.

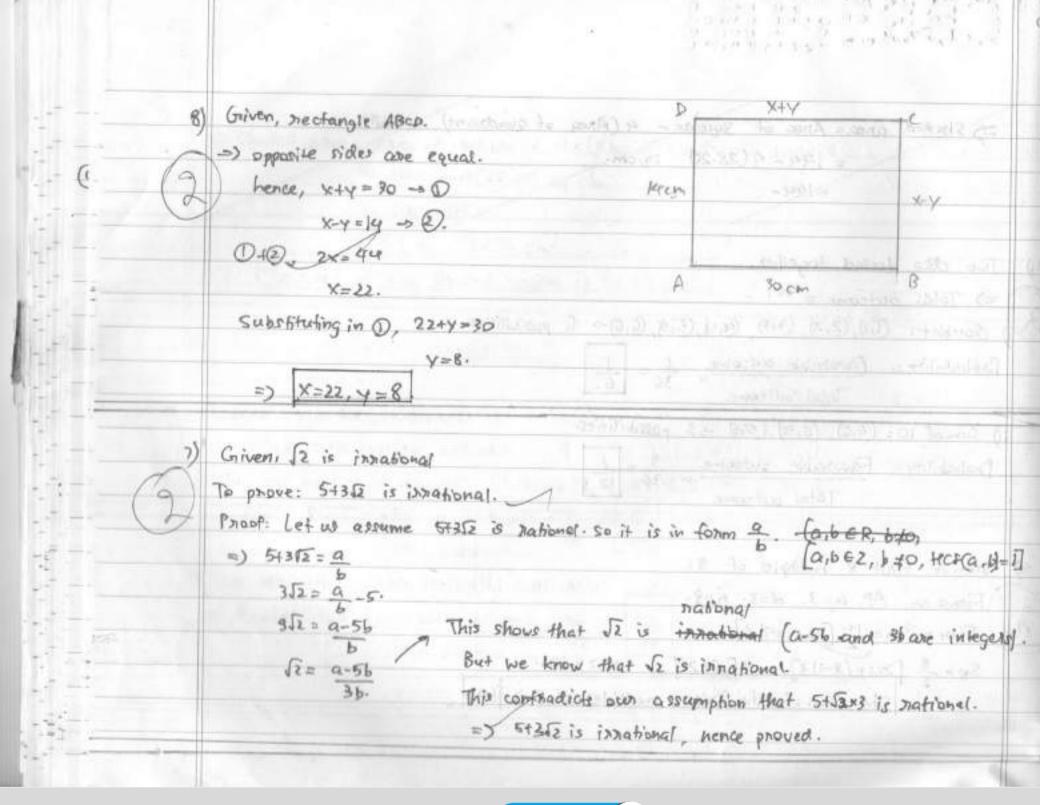
i) doublet: (1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4,5,5,6,6) > 6 postilities.

=1444-

ii) Sum of 10: (4,6), (6,4), (5,5) -3 possibilities.

sum of first 8 multiples of 31

The sum of the fixet 8 multiples of 3 is \$108.





31		31
E/4)	Points A(2,3), B(6,-3) divided by P(4,m). Let the nable be k:1.	
3	By seg. Section formula, $P(4,m) = \frac{mx_2 + nx_1}{m+n} \cdot \frac{my_2 + ny_1}{m+n}$	0
×	$(4, m) = (k+2, -3k+3)$ $=) \frac{6k+2}{k+1} = 4$	
	$2k=2$ $k=1$ The palso is 1:1. Plow, $m=\frac{-3k+3}{k+1}$	
	$m = \frac{-3+3}{(+1)}$ $m = D$. \rightarrow Value of m is O, the point is $P(4.0)$.	34 - 34
	(n-122-52-n) (n-22-52-n) (n-2-2-52-n)	



72	X.		32
	Section - A.	of national in the light of the	0/3
(State of Suns all day	
6)	$\frac{AB}{PQ} = \frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{ABC}{QQ} = \frac{AB^2}{Q^2} = \frac{1}{3^2} = \frac{1}{Q}$.	should adjost ver v8	0
- (1)	andpag Paz 32 4.	conson program continue	
-	Ratio of aneas is 1	many thread	
-	4	(tast tell) by a	
- 5	Cos267"- sin223"	Total Manor	
- 1	= Cos 67" - Eox 67"	& tella (a	
	(Cose7 + sin23) (cos67-sin23)	THE STATE OF THE S	111111
	= (asc7 + cosc7) (cosc7 - cosc7) [cos0 = sin(90-9]].	
	=0.	Ser Hand	
	The value is O.	FELLE BYE -SLEE	
		1401	
40	$d=-4$, $a_7=4$. The first term is 28.	\$48 - pq	
	the at (not) d. 1000 12 straight to all the		
() to= a+ (7-1) (4)		
	4= a+ 6×64)		
	a= 24+4	William State of Board	
	a=28.	107 1031	
	V-70.		



